

Chinese name: _____ English name: _____ Homeroom: _____ Math Class: _____

1. Explain briefly why velocity fields must be conservative.
2. Evaluate $\int_C x^2 dx + yz dy + (y^2/2) dz$ along the line segment C joining $(0, 0, 0)$ and $(0, 3, 4)$.
3. For what values of b and c will $\mathbf{F} = (y^2 + 2czx)\mathbf{i} + y(bx + cz)\mathbf{j} + (y^2 + cx^2)\mathbf{k}$ be a gradient field?
4. (a) For constants G, m and M , verify that the **gravitational field** below is a gradient field:

$$\mathbf{F} = -GmM \frac{x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}$$

- (b) Find the potential function f .
- (c) Let P_1 and P_2 be points at distance s_1 and s_2 from the origin. Show that the work done by the gravitational field in moving a particle from P_1 to P_2 is

$$GmM \left(\frac{1}{s_2} - \frac{1}{s_1} \right).$$

5. Apply both forms of Green's Theorem to evaluate the integral

$$\oint_C (y^2 dx + x^2 dy)$$

where C is the triangle bounded by $x = 0, x + y = 1, y = 0$.

6. **Area with Green's Theorem** The area of a region R bounded by C can be written as

$$\text{Area of } R = \iint_R dy dx = \iint_R \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) dy dx = \oint_C \frac{1}{2} x dy - \frac{1}{2} y dx.$$

- (a) Use this formula to find the area of the region of
 - i. The ellipse $\mathbf{r}(t) = (a \cos t)\mathbf{i} + (b \sin t)\mathbf{j}$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$
 - ii. The astroid $\mathbf{r}(t) = (\cos^3 t)\mathbf{i} + (\sin^3 t)\mathbf{j}$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$
- (b) Show that the area of the region R can also be written as

$$\text{Area of } R = \oint_C x dy = - \oint_C y dx.$$

7. What can be said about the curl component of a conservative two-dimensional vector field? Give reasons for your answer.